Team:

Student #:

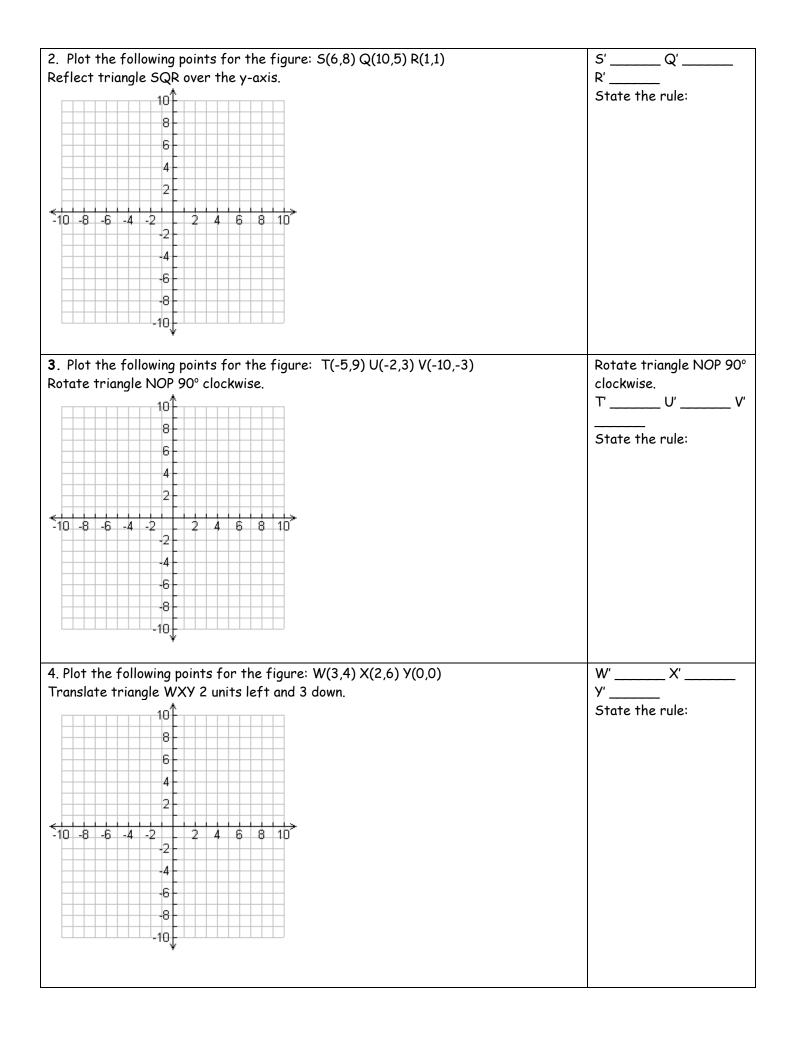


Score:

Directions: This is just a sample of the problems you may see on the exam and doesn't include all types of problems you may see on the exam. You will need to also use the other resources listed to fully study & prepare for your Math II Honors final exam. Show all work below. Be sure to label your answers appropriately! Don't Forget to use your TIPS

- TI: Underline/Highlight Terms and Information
- P: Problem is worked out
- S: Solution is in a complete sentence

Unit 1-Transformations	
Vocabulary Match each word with its correct definition.	
 1. Translation a. the original figure prior to a transformation b. two angles whose measures add up to 90 degrees 3. Rotation c. two angles whose measures add up to 180 degrees d. the new position of a figure after a transformation f. Preimage e. a mirror image is created of a figure over a line 6. Congruence Motion f. the motion of a figure around a fixed point 7. Complementary Angles g. moving every point the same distance in the same direction h. location of a figure is changed, but not the size or the shape i. a mirror image is created of a figure over a line Plot the points, apply the given transformation, state the points of the image, and state the rule used. Label the Pre-image and image. 1. Plot the following points for the figure: N(-5,9) P(-2,3) O(-10,-3) Rotate triangle NOP 180° clockwise. 10 8. 6. 4 4. 2 4. 6 8. 10 	Answer: N' P' O' State the rule:



Unit 2-Quadratic Functions	
Vocabulary	
Match each word with its correct definition.	
a. quadratic formula b. vertex c. discriminant	
d. axis of symmetry e. standard form of a quadratic equation	
 1) a number that can be calculated from any quadratic equation. It is found by using the formula:	
1. Solve the following quadratic equation by factoring, taking the square root, or using the quadratic formula. Show work. <i>Hint: Make sure it's in standard form</i> <i>first.</i> $2x^2 - 5 = 3x$	Answer:
2. a) Given the following function $y = (x + 2)^2 - 4$, explain the transformation from	Answer:
the parent function $y = x^2$. Use words.	
b) What are the zeroes of : $4x^2 - 9 = 0$?	
3. The heights of two different projectiles after they are launched are modeled by	Answer:
$f(x)$ and $g(x)$. The function $f(x)$ is defined as $f(x) = -16x^2 + 42 + 12$. The table contains the values for the quadratic function g.	A. 0.2 feet
$\frac{1}{x} = \frac{f(x)}{f(x)}$	B. 3.0 feet
0 9	C. 5.4 feet
<u>1 33</u> 2 25	
	D. 5.6 feet
What is the approximate difference in the heights achieved by the two projectiles?	
Show work:	
Maximum height of f(x) Maximum height of g(x)	

a the Quadr		following information about their fireworks. I for the given table.	a) Quadratic Regression:
	_	of the fireworks.	
what distan		fireworks at their maximum height?	
Time (x)	Height (y)		b) Vertex:
1	134		
2	186		
3	206		
4	194	-	
5	150		c)
6	74		
0	/ 7		
thout using c all work bel x-interce	ow:	, fill in the table and graph the function: x ² + 2x - 8 = 0. y - Axis of htercept Vertex Symmetry	Answer:
all work bel	ow:	y - Axis of	Answer:

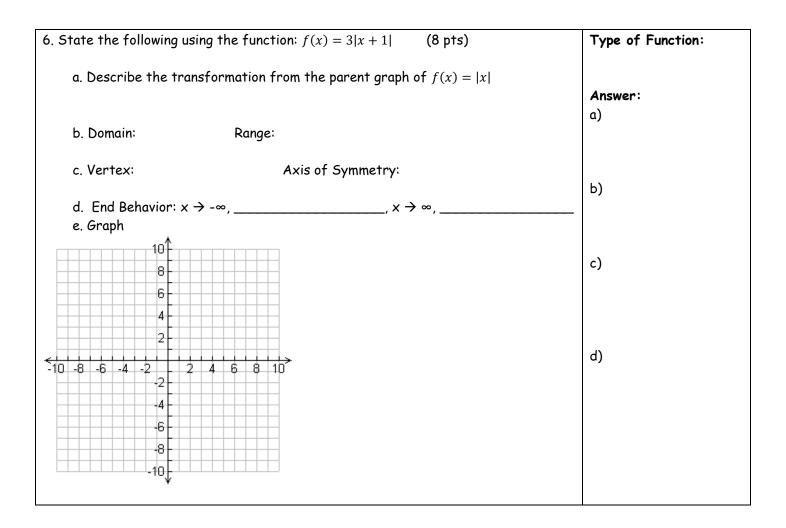
Unit 3-Exponential Functions

Vocabulary Write the formula for the following:		
1. Half-life		
2. Exponential Growth		
•	Growth Factor	
3. Exponential Decay		
Growth Rate	Growth Factor	
1 Simplify $\sqrt[3]{128a^{13}b^6}$.		Answer:
		A. $2a^4b^2\sqrt[3]{4a}$
		B. $4a^{4}b^{3}\sqrt{a}$
		C. $4a^4b^2\sqrt[3]{2a}$
		D. none of these
2. Convert the expression to radical fo	$(10n)^{\frac{3}{2}}$	Answer:
3. Find the inverse of each function		Answer:
x-6		A. $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+6}{5}$
$f(x) = \frac{x-6}{5}$		B. $f^{-1}(x) = 5x + 6$
		$C. f^{-1}(x) = 5(x+6)$
		D. $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{5}{x-6}$
4. Solve each equation.		Answer:
$2(10^{x}) = 200$	$(x+4)^{\frac{3}{6}} = -3$	a)
Show Work:	Show Work:	b)
5. An initial population of 775 quail inc	reases at an annual rate of 18%. Write an	Answer:
exponential function to model the quai		A. $f(x) = .775(1.18)^x$
		B. $f(x) = 775(1.018)^x$
		$C. f(x) = (775 \cdot 0.018)^{x}$
		D. $f(x) = 775(0.18)^x$

6. A 200-gram sample of a certain radioactive substance has a half-life of 10	Answer:
minutes.	a)
a) Write an exponential function to model its decay. Define your variables.	
b) Find the amount of the substance left after 25 minutes. Show work!	b)
7. A popular antique is gaining value because it is so hard to find. In 1970, its value	Answer:
was \$100, and in 2000, its value is \$750.	a)
a) Use an exponential regression to determine the function that models the value of	
the antique x years after 1970. Round to 3 decimals places.	
	b)
b) If the same trend centinged have much is the antique worth in 20152	
b) If the same trend continued, how much is the antique worth in 2015?	
8. Complete the following for the function: $y = \log(x+3) - 2$	Answer:
	Answer: a)
a) Describe the transformations from the parent $y = \log(x)$.	
a) Describe the transformations from the parent $y = \log(x)$. b) Find the domain.	
a) Describe the transformations from the parent $y = \log(x)$. b) Find the domain. c) Find the range.	a)
 a) Describe the transformations from the parent y = log(x). b) Find the domain. c) Find the range. d) Write the equation of the asymptote. 	
 a) Describe the transformations from the parent y = log(x). b) Find the domain. c) Find the range. d) Write the equation of the asymptote. e) Graph the function. Include the asymptote and at least two accurate points 	a)
 a) Describe the transformations from the parent y = log(x). b) Find the domain. c) Find the range. d) Write the equation of the asymptote. 	a)
 a) Describe the transformations from the parent y = log(x). b) Find the domain. c) Find the range. d) Write the equation of the asymptote. e) Graph the function. Include the asymptote and at least two accurate points 	a) b)
 a) Describe the transformations from the parent y = log(x). b) Find the domain. c) Find the range. d) Write the equation of the asymptote. e) Graph the function. Include the asymptote and at least two accurate points 	a) b)
 a) Describe the transformations from the parent y = log(x). b) Find the domain. c) Find the range. d) Write the equation of the asymptote. e) Graph the function. Include the asymptote and at least two accurate points on your graph. 	a) b) c)
 a) Describe the transformations from the parent y = log(x). b) Find the domain. c) Find the range. d) Write the equation of the asymptote. e) Graph the function. Include the asymptote and at least two accurate points on your graph. 	a) b)
 a) Describe the transformations from the parent y = log(x). b) Find the domain. c) Find the range. d) Write the equation of the asymptote. e) Graph the function. Include the asymptote and at least two accurate points on your graph. 	a) b) c)
 a) Describe the transformations from the parent y = log(x). b) Find the domain. c) Find the range. d) Write the equation of the asymptote. e) Graph the function. Include the asymptote and at least two accurate points on your graph. 	a) b) c)
 a) Describe the transformations from the parent y = log(x). b) Find the domain. c) Find the range. d) Write the equation of the asymptote. e) Graph the function. Include the asymptote and at least two accurate points on your graph. 	a) b) c)
 a) Describe the transformations from the parent y = log(x). b) Find the domain. c) Find the range. d) Write the equation of the asymptote. e) Graph the function. Include the asymptote and at least two accurate points on your graph. 	a) b) c)
 a) Describe the transformations from the parent y = log(x). b) Find the domain. c) Find the range. d) Write the equation of the asymptote. e) Graph the function. Include the asymptote and at least two accurate points on your graph. 	a) b) c)
 a) Describe the transformations from the parent y = log(x). b) Find the domain. c) Find the range. d) Write the equation of the asymptote. e) Graph the function. Include the asymptote and at least two accurate points on your graph. 	a) b) c)
 a) Describe the transformations from the parent y = log(x). b) Find the domain. c) Find the range. d) Write the equation of the asymptote. e) Graph the function. Include the asymptote and at least two accurate points on your graph. 	a) b) c)
 a) Describe the transformations from the parent y = log(x). b) Find the domain. c) Find the range. d) Write the equation of the asymptote. e) Graph the function. Include the asymptote and at least two accurate points on your graph. 	a) b) c)
 a) Describe the transformations from the parent y = log(x). b) Find the domain. c) Find the range. d) Write the equation of the asymptote. e) Graph the function. Include the asymptote and at least two accurate points on your graph. 	a) b) c)

Unit 4-Advar	nced Functions	
Vocabulary Identify the function.	equation of the parent function and sketch a graph of the parent	
Sketch:	_1. Absolute Value Function2. Exponential Function Sketch:	
Sketch:	_ 3 Greatest Integer Function4. Quadratic Function Sketch:	
Sketch:	_ 5. Square Root Function 6. Cube Root Function Sketch:	
 Sketch:	_7. Logarithmic Function8. Inverse Variation Function Sketch:	
Sketch:	9. Sine Function10. Cosine Function10. Sketch:	
Sketch:	_ 11. Tangent Function Sketch:	
	of $f(x) = x^2$ will be translated 5 units up and 2 units to the right. Which andard form describes the graph produced by the translations? Show	Answer: A. $g(x) = x^2 + 10x + 23$ B. $g(x) = x^2 - 4x + 9$ C. $g(x) = x^2 + 4x - 1$ D. $g(x) = x^2 - 10x + 27$

2. The volume, V, of a certain gas varies inversely with the amount of pressure, P, placed on it. The volume of this gas is 175 cm ³ when 3.2 kg/cm ² of pressure is placed on it. What amount of pressure must be placed on 400 cm ³ of this gas? Show work :	Answer: A. 1.40 kg/cm ² B. 1.31 kg/cm ² C. 7.31 kg/cm ² D. 2.86 kg/cm ²
3. The distance traveled at a constant speed is directly proportional to the time of travel. If Nia traveled 112 miles in 3.5 hours, how many miles will Nia travel in 8.9 hours at the same constant speed? Show work :	Answer: A. 99.6 mi B. 284.8 mi C. 172.8 mi D. 124.4 mi
4. Evaluate $f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x+5 & x < -1 \\ x^2-3 & -1 \le x \le 2 \\ -3x+7 & x > 2 \end{cases}$	Type of Function:
Show Work:	Answer:
a. $f(-5) =$	
b. <i>f</i> (-1) =	
c. <i>f</i> (6) =	
5. State the following using the function: $f(x) = -\sqrt{x} + 2$ (6 pts) a. Describe the transformation from the parent graph of $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$.	Type of Function:
b. Domain: Range:	Answer:
c. Describe end behavior: As $x \rightarrow \underline{\qquad } y \rightarrow \underline{\qquad }$ and as $x \rightarrow \underline{\qquad } y$	a)
d. Graph	b)
	c)



	n stick man, and the sides (H, O, or A). Write the	2
Trig Equation and then solve.	Show all work.	
1. 70° x	Trig Function:	Answer:
13	Show Work:	
	own. The kite is on a 30 foot string and the string is	Answer:
at a 35° angle of elevation. If	Damali is holding her end of the string 5 feet above	
the ground, how far from the g	ground is the kite?	
	Trig Function:	
R.	Show Work:	

3 . A pilot sees a boat at a 25° angle of depression. If the altitude of the plane is	Answer:
2000 feet, what is the distance between the plane and the boat?	
Trig Function:	
Show Work:	
A Draw a diagram Label each night triangle with stick man and the sides (L	Answer:
4. Draw a diagram. Label each right triangle with stick man, and the sides (H,	
O, or A). Write a trig equation and solve.	
An airplane took off from a runway. When the plane had flown 300 meters, it had	
covered a horizontal distance of 290 meters. Find the measure of the angle of	
elevation of the airplane's path.	
Picture: Trig Function:	
Show Work:	
5. Find the area of each triangle. Area = $\frac{1}{2} \cdot a \cdot b \cdot sin C$	Answer:
Show Work:	
17 ft	
65°	
8 ft	

Unit 6-Probability	
Complete the following: A sample space is	
The set (A and B) is	
The set (A or B) is	
P(A) = the probability that A occurs =	
The sum of the probabilities of all the events in a sample space should always equal	
P(A ^c) = the probability that A does not occur =	
P(A or B) = Events are mutually exclusive (disjoint) if	
If A and B are mutually exclusive, then P(A or B) =	
Events are independent if	
Two events are independent if and only if P(A and B) =	
P(B A) = the probability of B given A has already occurred =	
1a) An experiment consists of tossing 2 coins (a nickel and a dime) and observing the outcomes. List the sample space.	Answer: a)
1b) A popular brand of pen is available in three colors (red, green or blue) and four tips (bold, medium, fine	
or micro). How many different choices of pens do you have with this brand? Show work:	b)
2. There are 240 seniors at Mouse Academy. Seventy of those seniors take Calculus	Answer:
or Physics, 40 take Calculus, and 55 take Physics.	a)
a) Find the probability that a randomly chosen senior at Mouse Academy takes both	
Calculus and Physics?	b)
b) What is the probability that a randomly chosen senior at Mouse takes neither	
Calculus nor Physics?	
3. You put a CD that has 8 songs in your CD player. You set the player to play the songs at random. The player plays all 8 songs without repeating any song. What is the probability that the songs are played in the same order they are listed on the CD? Show work:	Answer:

4. There are 35 students in your PE class. Five of these students will be selected randomly to represent your class on a 5-person bowling team. What is the probability that the team chosen will be Sally, April, John, Fred and Adam? Show work:	Answer:
5a. Explain the difference between theoretical and experimental probability.	Answer:
5b. What is the theoretical probability of rolling a 6?	a)
	ь)
6. Suppose you have a jar of candies: 4 red, 5 purple and 7 green. Find the following probabilities of the following events:	Answer: a)
a) Selecting a red candy.	
b) Selecting a purple candy.	b)
c) Selecting a green or red candy.	
d) Selecting any color except a green candy.	c) e)
e) Find the odds of selecting a red candy.	
f) Find the odds of selecting a purple or green candy.	f)

Resources

Khan Academy Videos

Unit 2	 Positive & Negative Exponents Factor Polynomials using Quadratic Methods Solving Quadratics by Factoring Solving Quadratics by Taking the Square Root Finding & Interpreting Key Features of Quadratics
Unit 3	 Simplifying Rational Expressions by Canceling Monomial Factors Modeling with Exponential Functions Graphs of Exponentials & Logarithms Find Inverse Values of Functions
Unit 4	Graphs of Absolute Value Functions Distinguish Between Direct and Inverse Variation Graphs of Piecewise Linear Functions Even and Odd Functions Evaluating Functions Domain and Range from a Graph

	Extraneous solutions to radical equations Using logarithms to solve exponential equations
Unit 5	 Amplitude of Trig Functions Midline of Trig Functions Graphs of Trig Functions Recognizing Triangle Types Pythagorean Theorem Trig Functions Side Ratios in Right Triangles
Unit 6	Simple Probability Dependent Probability Independent Probability Combinations Permutations

Interactive Notebook Notes Practice Sites on Class Website

Did you take your time and show all of your work?	Did you use your notes/Foldables to help if as you completed your Final Exam Review?	
 Did you ask for help if you did not understand a	Did you put in your best effort???	_
problem?		